

Climate Change

Goodbye ERA-Interim, hello ERA5 "The strength of ensembles"

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2019 theme: "The strength of ensembles"

Twenty-five years ago ECMWF was one of the first forecasting centres to start issuing **operational ensemble forecasts**. The implementation of these ensembles induced a paradigm shift in numerical weather prediction (NWP).

Today, exactly **75 years ago**, the method of ensembles was used for the weather forecast for D-Day.







The 3-member "ensemble forecast system" for D-Day in June 1944

Widewing forecasters (USAAF)





Lt-Col. I P Krick Lt-Col. B G Holzman

Dunstable **Forecasters**







C K M Douglas

S Petterssen



Admiralty **Forecasters** (RN)





Inst Lt G L Hogben Inst Lt-Cmdr G M Wolfe



SHAEF Chief Meteorological Offcer Group Captain J M Stagg



SHAEF Deputy Chief Meteorological Officer

Col D N Yates



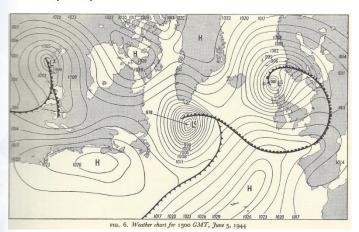


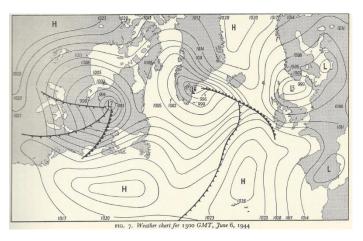


The 3-member "ensemble forecast system" for D-Day in June 1944

Forecasts for conditions on 5 June made on the evening of 3 June and confirmed early in the morning of 4 June

 on which the forecasting teams initially split two-to-one in favour of conditions that led to postponement





Forecasts for conditions on 6 June made on the evening of 4 June and confirmed early in the morning of 5 June

 on which the forecasting teams initially split two-to-one in favour of conditions that led to a decision to proceed

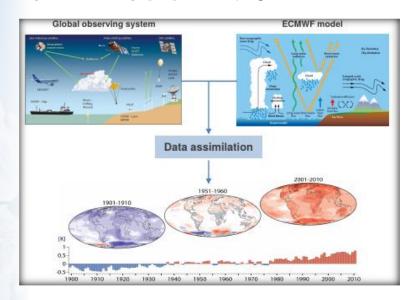






The need for ensembles in reanalysis

Reanalysis is very popular (e.g., ERA-Interim had over 40,000 users from 2015 alone)



- However: The observing system has evolved considerably and so the quality of the reanalysis products that rely on this!
- ➤ ERA5 is based on a 10-member Ensemble 4D-Var data assimilation system

- Complete: combining vast amounts of observations into (global) fields
- Consistent: use the same physical model and DA system throughout
- Convenient: "maps without gaps", always available in the same way

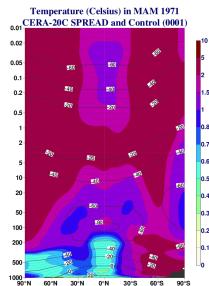
Observations and ERA-PreSAT reanalysis for June 4 1944



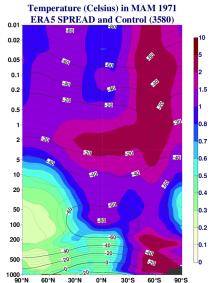




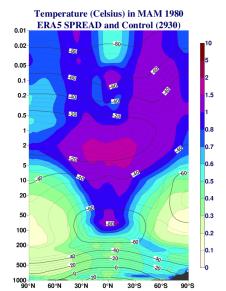
Ensemble spread as a measure for the synoptic ERA5 uncertainty



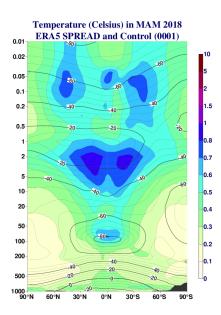
1971 CERA-20C: 1971 E
Surface pressure, marine Upper-a
wind, only



1971 ERA5: Upper-air data



1980 ERA5: Early-satellite era



2018 ERA5: Current observing system







Change

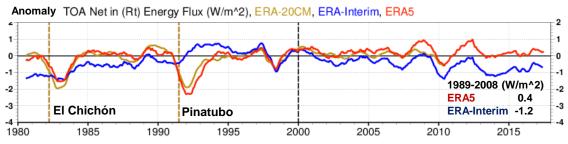
ERA5 forcing appropriate for climate

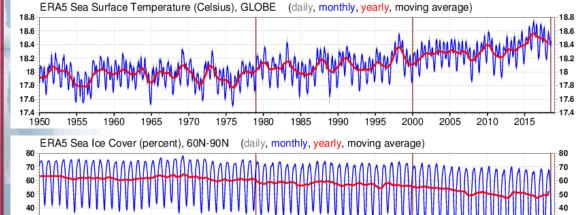
CMIP5 recommended data sets

Total solar irradiance, greenhouse gases, ozone, aerosols (including volcanic)

1970

(Prepared in the ERA-CLIM project, ERA-20CM, Hersbach et. al., 2015)





SST and sea ice cover

Carefully selected from OSTIA, OSI-SAF and HadISST2 (Hadley Centre, *ERA-CLIM*)

Different ensemble members use different SST realizations

(Hirahara et. al., 2016)



2015

2010



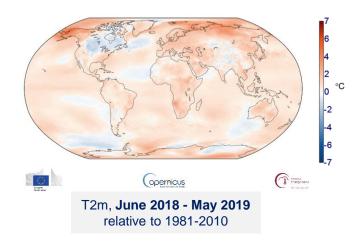


Status of ERA5

Full-observing-system global reanalysis for atmosphere, land and ocean waves.

ERA5 is replacing ERA-Interim: end date ERA-I 31 August 2019

To date ERA5 is publicly available from Jan 1979 - March 2019 (40 years + 3 months)



Improvements compared to ERA-Interim:

- Benefit from 10 years model development
- Much higher resolution; 31km versus 79km
- More and better input data
- Hourly output
- Uncertainty estimate (at 63km)

CDS Public Release plan for 2019/2020:

- **Currently:** updates 2-months behind real time
- Soon: ERA5-Land from 2001 (9km)
- soon: updates 2-5 days behind real time: ERA5T
- Next: access to ERA5 observations
- Early 2020: 1950-1978.









The ERA5 observing system

Climate 0.75 (1979) – 24 Million (2019) obs per day Over 200 types of reports

Reprocessed data sets

Radiances: SSM/I brightness temp from CM-SAF MSG from EUMETSAT

Atmospheric motion vector winds: METEOSAT, GMS/GOES-9/MTSAT, GOES-8 to 15, AVHRR METOP and NOAA

Scatterometers: ASCAT-A (EUMETSAT), ERS 1/2 soil moisture (ESA)

Radio Occultation: COSMIC, CHAMP, GRACE, SAC-C, TERRASAR-x (UCAR)

Ozone: NIMBUS-7, EP TOMS, ERS-2 GOME, ENVISAT SCIAMACHY, Aura MLS, OMI, MIPAS, SBUV

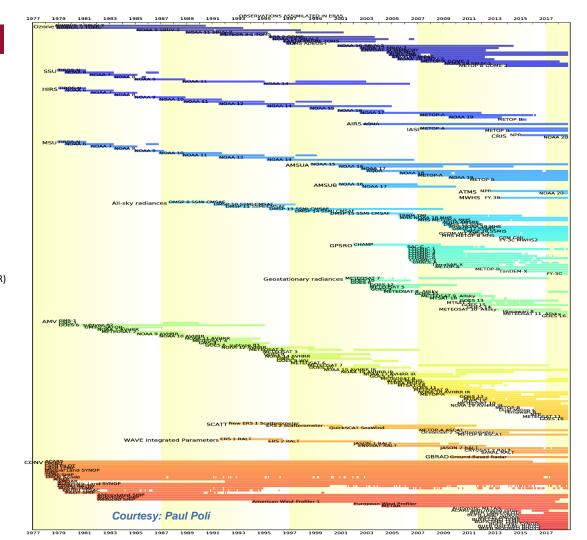
Wave Height: ERS-1,ERS-2, Envisat, Jason

Latest instruments

IASI, ASCAT, ATMS, CrIS, MWHS, Himawari, ...

Improved data usage

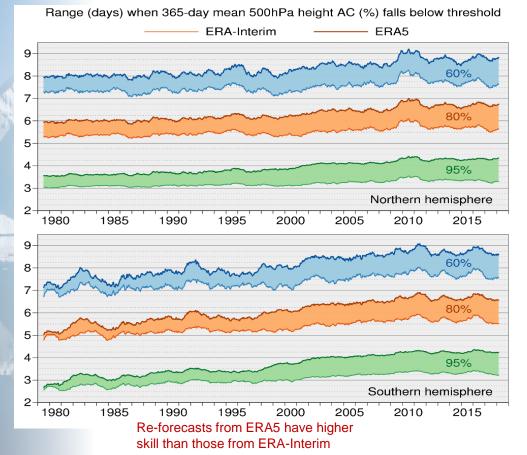
all-sky vs clear-sky assimilation, latest radiative transfer function, corrections, extended variational bias control





Skill from re-forecasts as a measure for the accuracy of reanalysis products





The (forecast) model is an integral part of the assimilation system

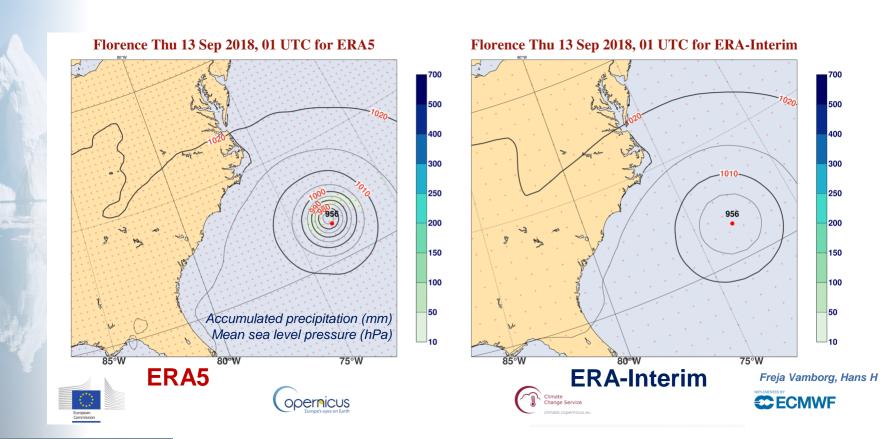
Also: better analyses produce better forecasts







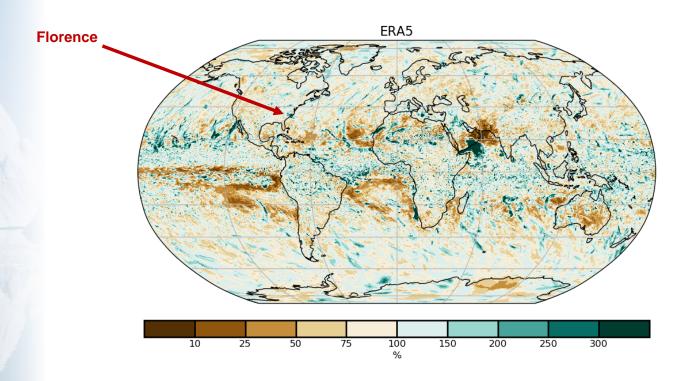
Better model, more and better observations, higher resolution, hourly output





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Maximum of daily ERA5 precipitation in 2018 relative to the 1981-2010 climatology



Courtesy of Adrian Simmons, Freja Vamborg; to appear in BAMS SOC 2019

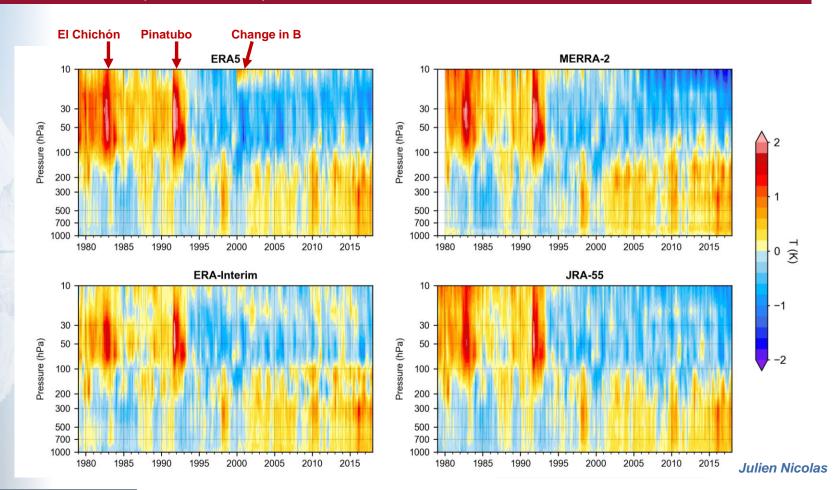






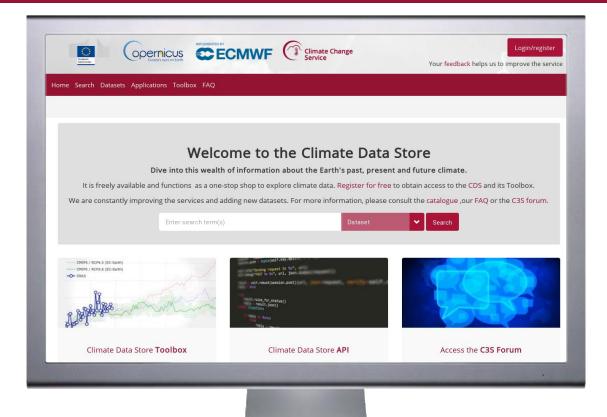
Global mean temperature compared to 1981-2010







ERA5 in the Climate Data Store











The Climate Data Store



One of the pillars of C3S

- One-stop shop for climate data
- Free access
- User support
- Includes CDS Tool Box
- Quality assurance (in steps)

Global estimates Support for data Reprocessed of ECVs from Observations CDRs, reference rescue, climate satellite and inobservations data collections situ observations Coupled climate Regional Climate Global atmosphere, reanalysis for reanalysis for 100 reanalysis ocean, land Europe vears Access to CMIP Reference set of Model Multi-model seasonal data and products climate projections for forecast products (global and output Europe regional) **ECMWF**

Climate **Indicators**



opernicus







How to access ERA5 data?

Online data sets: Copernicus Climate Data Store | Copernicus Climate Data Store

- Regridded to regular lat-lon (0.25 degrees)
- Pressure levels and single levels
- Hourly and monthly averages
- Simplified structure (best estimate)

Data on tape: ERA5 complete: via CDS_API

Copernicus knowledge base:

- CKB portal: Copernicus Knowledge Base Copernicus Knowledge Base ECMWF Confluence Wiki
- How to download data: <u>How to download ERA5 Copernicus Knowledge Base ECMWF Confluence Wiki</u>
- ERA5 online documentation: ERA5 data documentation Copernicus Knowledge Base ECMWF Confluence Wiki
- C3S forum: forum Copernicus User Support Forum ECMWF Confluence Wiki

ERA5 reference:

- ECMWF Newsletter (Spring 2019): Global reanalysis: goodbye ERA-Interim, hello ERA5 | ECMWF
- ERA report: Operational global reanalysis: progress, future directions and synergies with NWP | ECMWF
- Peer-reviewed: in preparation (2019)

Copernicus user support: copernicus-support@ecmwf.int







Final remarks and outlook

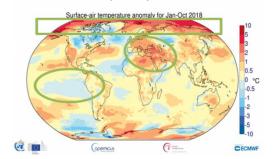
ERA5 is available from 1979 and is replacing ERA-Interim.

- Much higher resolution, better model, better and more observations
- The ensemble provides information on the evolving confidence of its products

Reanalysis provides a physically complete view of the recent climate.

 Reanalysis is now fully integrated into international assessments of climate change as delivered by, for example, the WMO, and the European State of the Climate.

WMO climate statement: past 4 years warmest on record



The ongoing production of ERA5 is undertaken within the Copernicus C3S framework.

- At ECMWF as part of the C3S operational service
- Many reanalysis-related tasks are being carried out by C3S outsourced providers:
 - satellite reprocessing (EUMETSAT), data rescue, consolidation of historical datasets
 - the production of two high-resolution regional reanalyses, for Europe and the Arctic



The ERA5 data product portfolio is growing:

- Next: ERA5-Land, timely updates 2 days behind real time, access to observation feedback, back extension to 1950
- Evolution of the CDS, increasing versatility of the toolbox, implementation of quality assurance stamps (EQC)





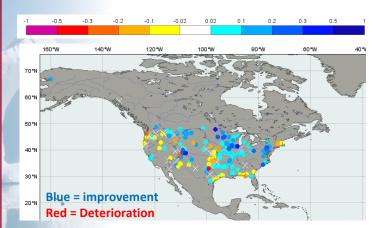


What is new in ERA5?

	ERA-Interim	ERA5
Period	1979 – present	1950 – present, produced in 2 phases
Availability behind real time	2-3 months	2-3 months (final product) 2-5 days (ERA5T)
Assimilation system	2006 (31r2), 4D-Var	2016 (41r2), 4D-Var, hybrid EDA providing B
Model input (radiation and surface)	As in operations, (inconsistent SST and sea ice)	Appropriate for climate, e.g., evolution greenhouse gases, volcanic eruptions, sea surface temperature and sea ice
Spatial resolution	79 km globally 60 levels to 10 Pa	31 km globally 137 levels to 1 Pa
Uncertainty estimate		from 10-member EDA at 62 km
Output frequency	6-hourly Analysis fields	Hourly (three-hourly for the ensemble), Extended list of parameters ~ 9 Peta Byte (1950 - timely updates)
Extra Observations	Mostly ERA-40, GTS	Various reprocessed CDRs, latest instruments
Variational Bias control radiosondes	Satellite radiances, RAOBCORE	Also ozone, aircraft, surface pressure, RISE
Land downscaling product	ERA-Interim land, 79km	ERA5L, 9km (forced by ERA5)



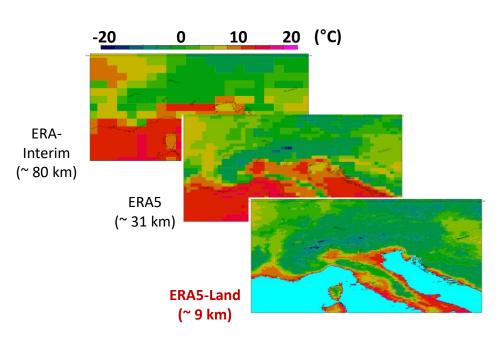
ERA5-Land, a high-resolution downscaling of the land-surface component



Discharge time series correlation difference ERA5-Land vs. ERA5

ERA5-Land is currently in production.

2001 onwards to become available via the C3S Climate Data Store soon



Joaquin Munoz-Sabater



