

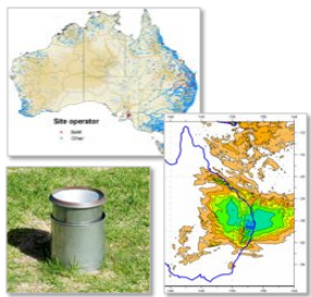
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Aim: Produce daily subseasonal (0-30 day) streamflow forecasts with high quality performance for a range of lead times and time scales (daily to monthly)

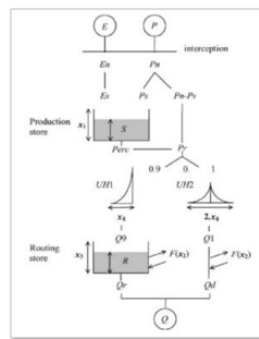
MuTHRE: Multi-temporal hydrological residual error model

Represents temporally-varying features of hydrological errors

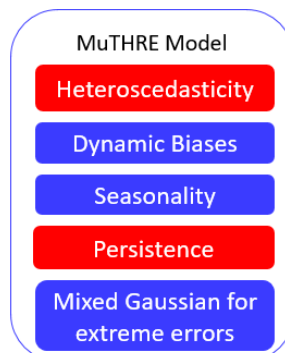
- **Seasonality:** Errors vary systematically by month
- **Dynamic Biases:** Errors vary yearly, due to non-stationarity
- **Extreme errors:** Occasional very large errors, poorly represented by common Gaussian distribution



Daily Rainfall Forecasts (ACCESS-S + Rainfall Post-Processing)



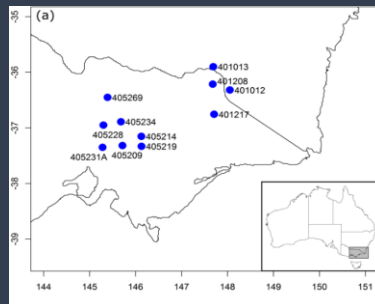
Daily Rainfall->Streamflow using rainfall-runoff modelling



Post-processing of daily streamflow forecasts using probabilistic residual error models

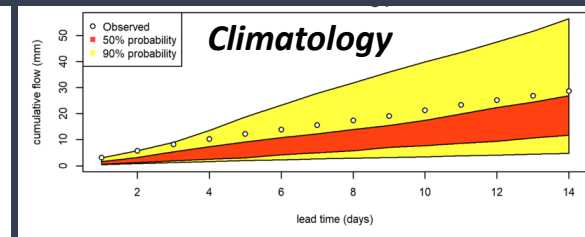
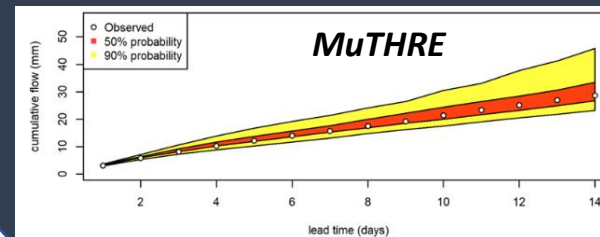
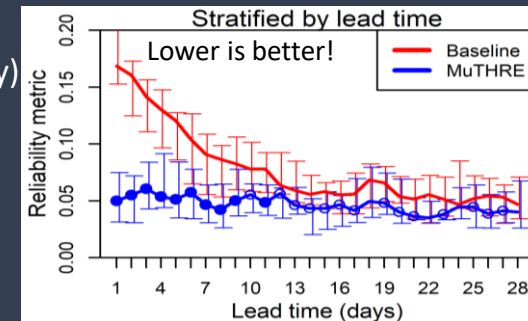
Case study

- 11 catchments from Murray Darling Basin in SE Australia
- GR4J daily rainfall-runoff model
- ACCESS-S rainfall forecasts with post-processing
- Performance evaluated using multiple metrics, stratifications and aggregation time scales
- Compare to baseline model (without new components)



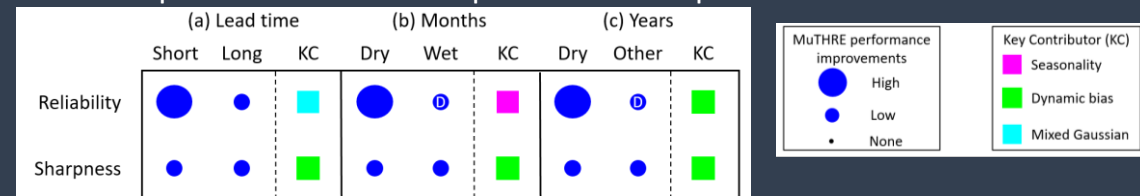
Key outcome 1

- MuTHRE provides consistent high forecast quality for range of time scales (daily-monthly)
- Large improvements in reliability for short lead times (see right), dry months and drought years
- Far sharper than climatology: ~30% of climatology for 1-3 days lead (see below)



Key outcome 2

- Each component of MuTHRE improves forecast performance



- E.g. improvements in reliability: extreme errors key for short lead times, seasonality for dry months, dynamic biases for dry years

Benefits

- Step-change in use of forecasts – easily integrates into river models
- Independent of hydro. model/rainfall forecasts, utilizing future advances in both