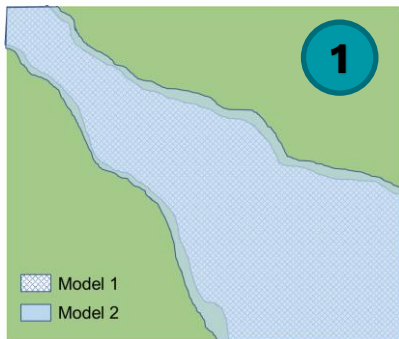


Leveraging EO Data Assimilation for Improved Flood Inundation Forecasts

Antara Dasgupta, Renaud Hostache, RAAJ Ramsankaran, Stefania Grimaldi, Guy Schumann, Valentijn Pauwels, and Jeffrey Walker

A New Method to Combine Flood Maps with Models



Main Challenge

Likelihood sensitivity towards slightly varying extents

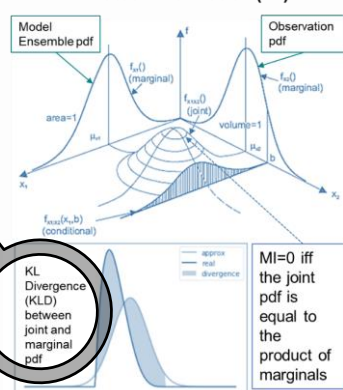
Proposed Solution

An information theoretic approach to model likelihoods in SIS particle filter

2

Zoom in with rescaling factor to enhance sensitivity

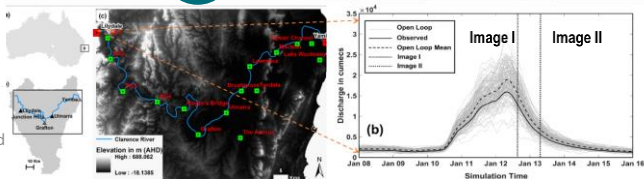
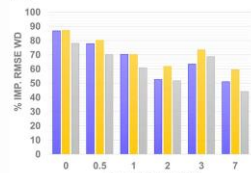
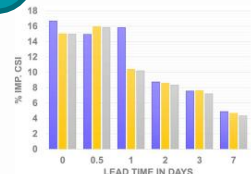
Mutual Information (MI)



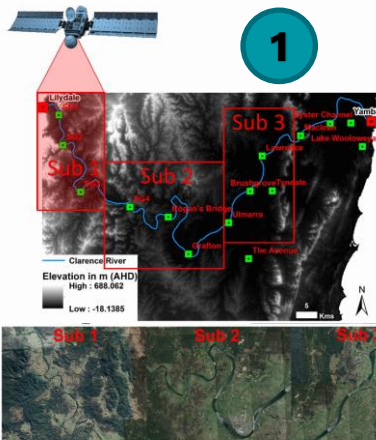
Test Case

Clarence Catchment, NSW, Australia, 2011 Flood Event

3



Finding the Best Flood Observations to Correct Flood Forecasts



Forecasts

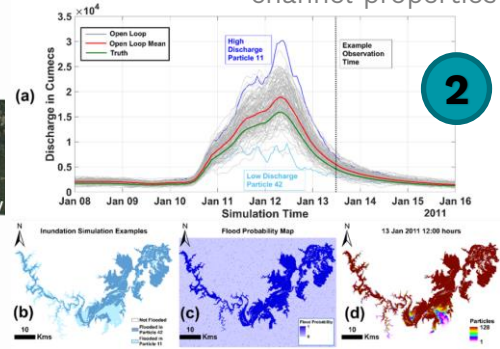
Main Challenge

Partial coverage for large catchments using high-res satellites

Proposed Solution

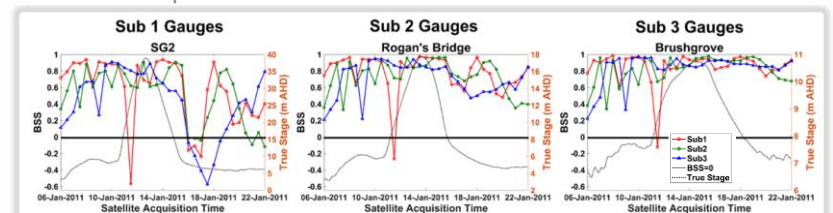
Targeted observation design based on channel properties

2



Key Results

Brier Skill Scores (BSS) for single image assimilation, points on each curve represent satellite observations and the corresponding BSS from the acquisition time to the end of the forecast.



Based on: Dasgupta et al., 2021. On the impacts of observation location, timing and frequency on flood extent assimilation performance. (WRR)

BSS (errors in assimilated forecast vs. open loop) = 1 means 100% improvement!!!