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# Spatially coherent postprocessing of cloud cover and precipitation using GANs

Stephan Hemri, Yinghao Dai, Jonas Bhend, Christoph  
Spirig, Daniele Nerini, Reinhard Furrer, Lionel Moret, and  
Mark A. Liniger

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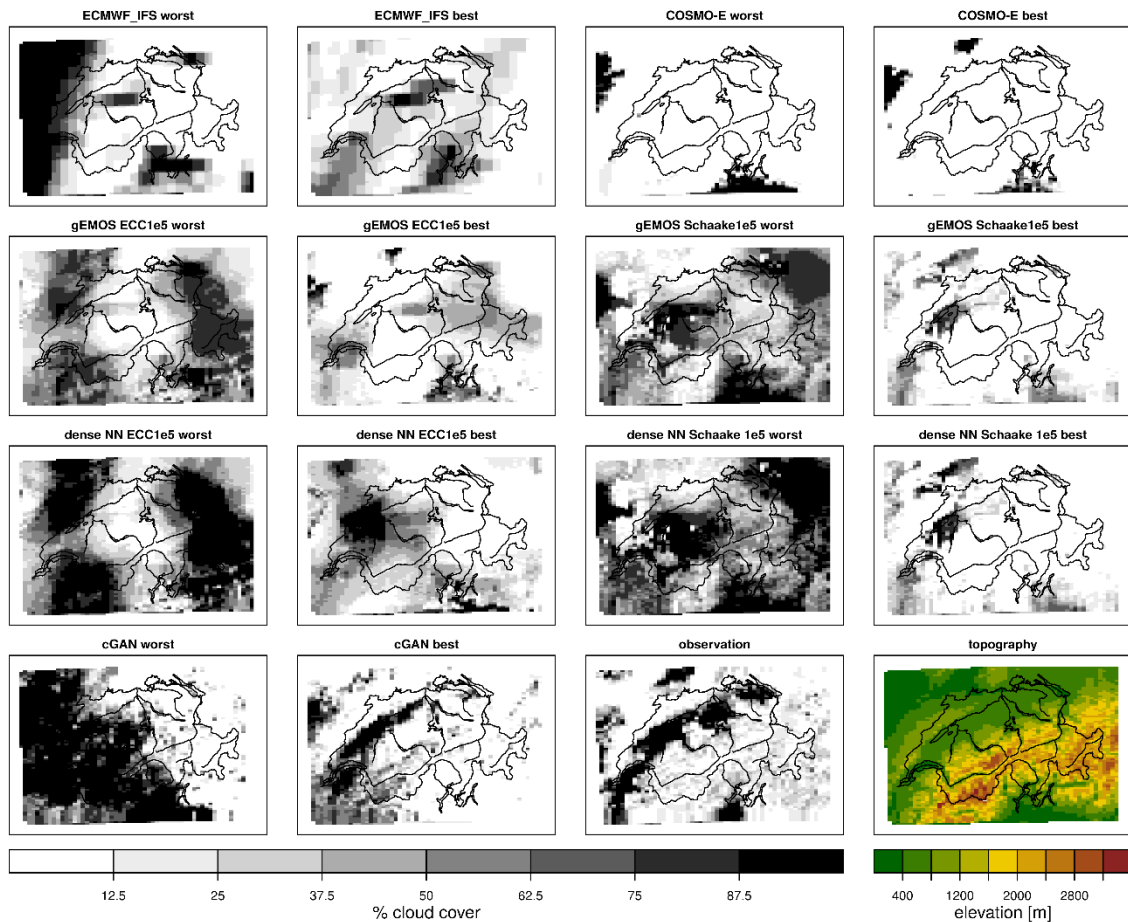


# Overview

- Part 1: cGAN postprocessing for hourly **cloud cover** which actually **works**<sup>1</sup>
  - Reference forecasts: gEMOS or dense NN + ECC or Schaake shuffle
  - Univariate and multivariate calibration
  - Pros and cons of the different methods
- Part 2: cGAN postprocessing for **precipitation** which **does not work yet**
  - Reference forecasts: COSMO-E, spatially pooled COSMO-E, (similarity based) quantile regression

<sup>1</sup>Dai, Y., & Hemri, S. (2021). *Spatially coherent postprocessing of cloud cover ensemble forecasts. Monthly Weather Review*, 149(12).





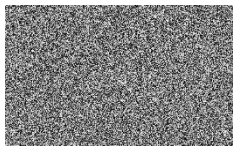


# Dataset

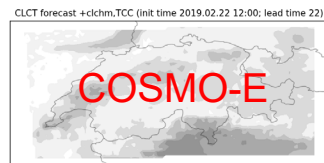
- Predictors (subsampled)
  - Numerical forecasts (COSMO-E and IFS [+12h])
    - Training set: 05.2016 - 04.2018
    - Validation set: 05.2018 - 04.2019
    - Test set: 05.2019 - 04.2020
- Observations
  - EUMETSAT CM-SAF satellite data, 2 × 2 km resolution



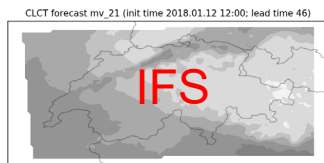
# Conditional GAN (cGAN)



61 206 094 parameters



**COSMO-E**

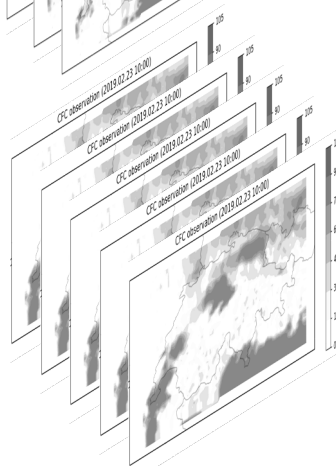
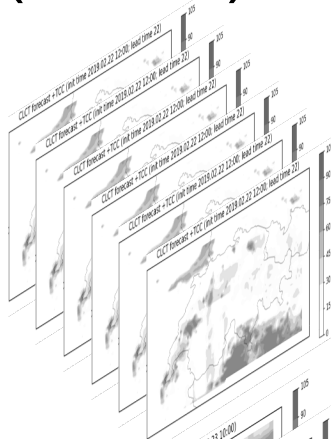


**IFS**

CLCT\_mean  
CLCT\_var  
CLCH\_mean  
CLCL\_mean  
TCC\_mean  
TCC\_var  
HCC\_mean  
MCC\_mean  
LCC\_mean  
LCC\_var  
HPBL\_mean  
T\_2M\_mean

**embeddings**

init\_time  
lead\_time  
hour\_of\_day  
month

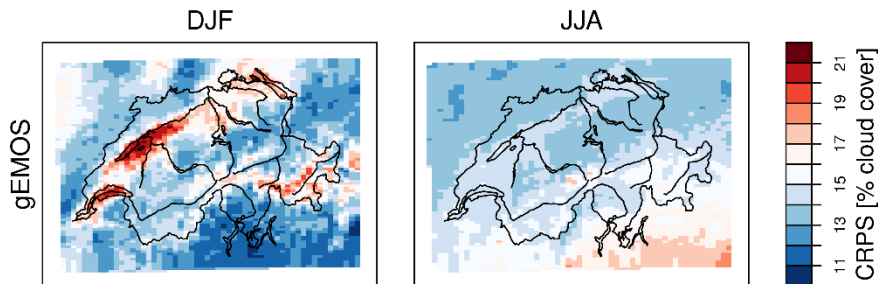


1 316 951 parameters

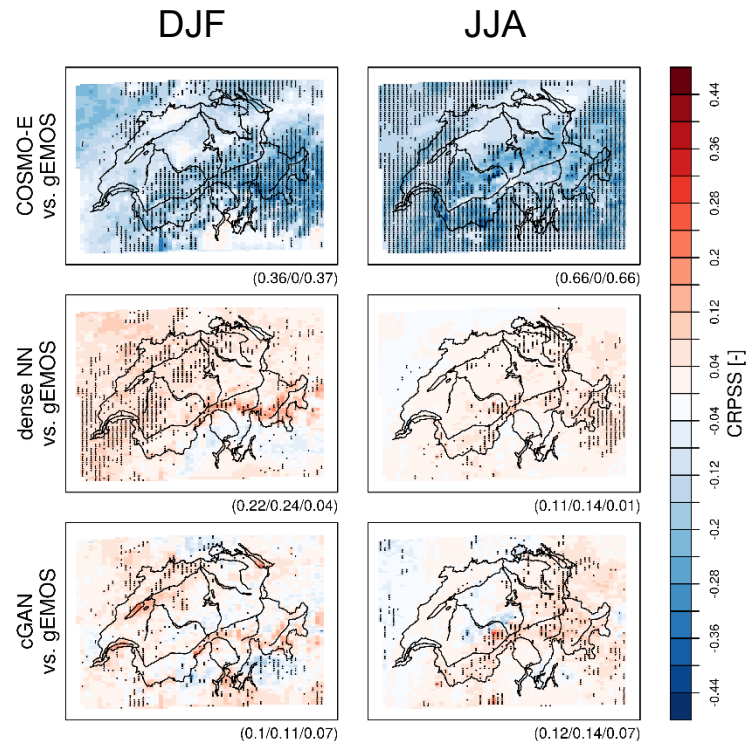




# Forecast skill

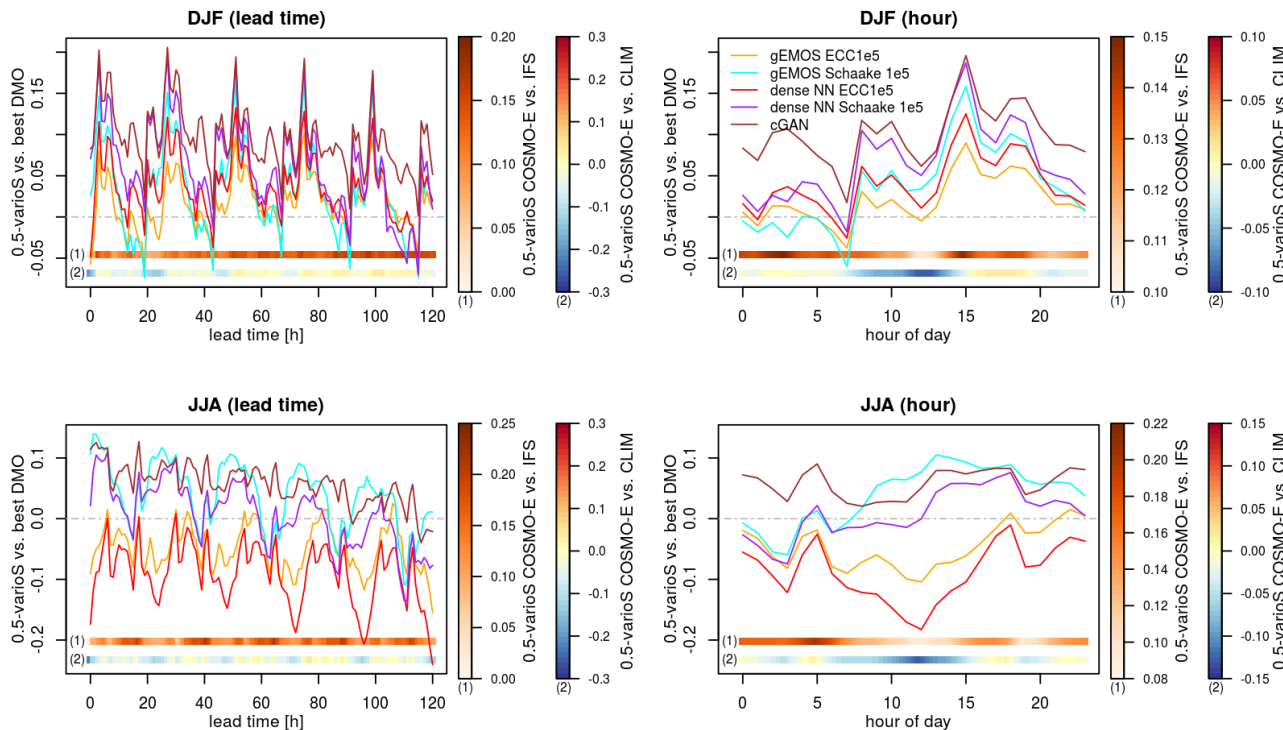


- High DJF CRPS in fog prone regions
- gEMOS skill > COSMO-E skill, but not significantly in fog prone regions
- denseNN and cGAN improve forecast skill compared to gEMOS





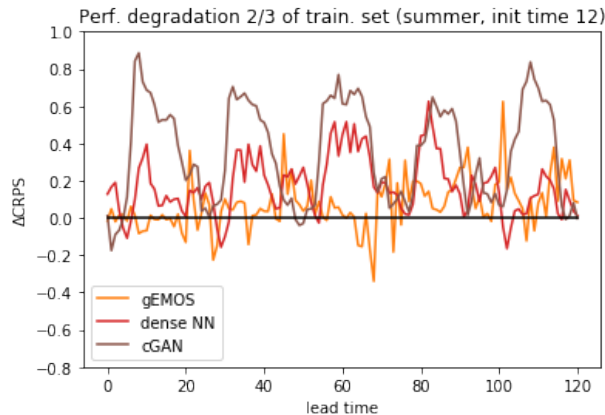
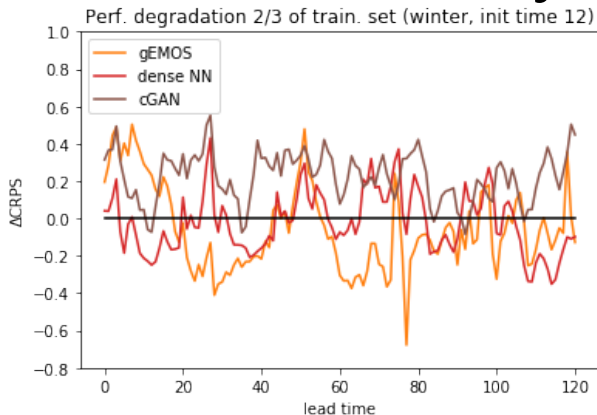
# Multivariate verification



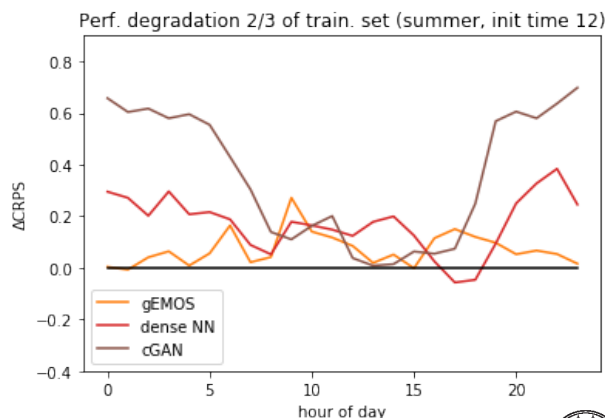
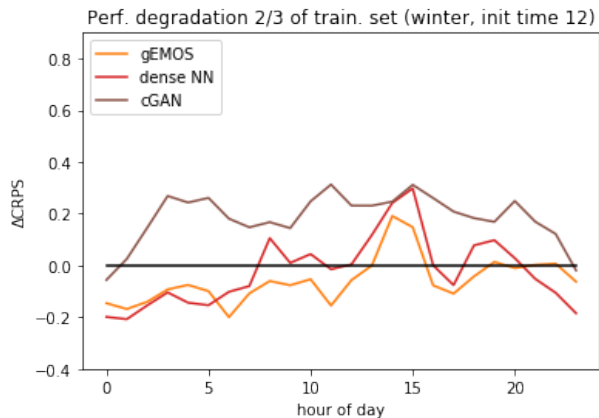
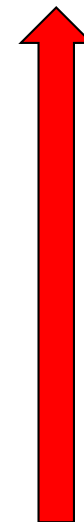
- p-variogram skill score
- cGAN performs best
- Schaake shuffle outperforms ECC for gEMOS and denseNN



# Data efficiency



more data  
needed







# Summary part 1

- Three approaches for post-processing cloud cover

	gEMOS	Dense NN	cGAN
Interpretability	★★★★☆	★★☆☆☆	★★☆☆☆
Forecast skill	★★★☆☆	★★★★★	★★★★☆
Calibration	★★★★★	★★★★☆	★★★★★
Realistic images	★★★☆☆	★★★☆☆	★★★★★
Realistic videos <sup>1</sup>	★★★☆☆	★★★☆☆	★★★☆☆
Data efficiency	★★★★☆	★★★★☆	★★★☆☆

★ raw model output  
★★ model output with ECC

<sup>1</sup>temporal consistency provided by ECC



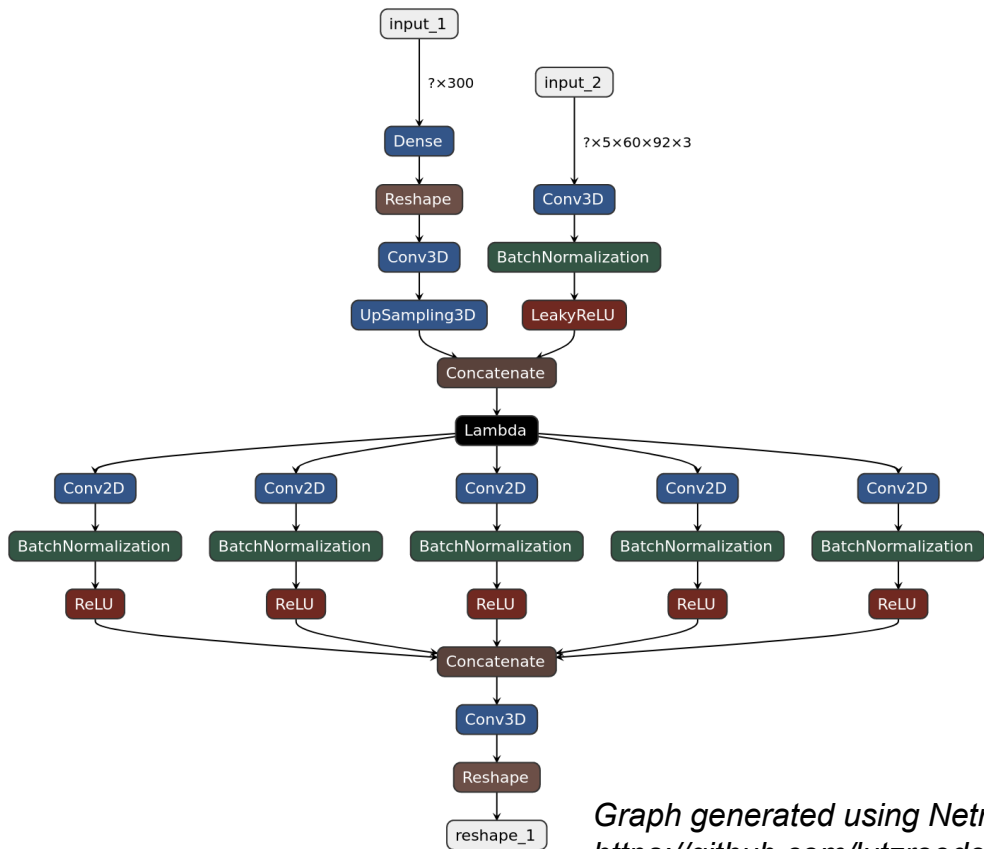
# cGAN for precipitation

- Is cGAN model for cloud cover transferable to precipitation?
- Is it possible to include temporal dependence?
- Issues with skewness of precipitation
- Work with daily precipitation accumulations to simplify the problem
- Not transforming the data at all leads to ‘most realistic’ cGAN samples
  - Trade-off: training works only for simple generator architecture



# Generator architecture

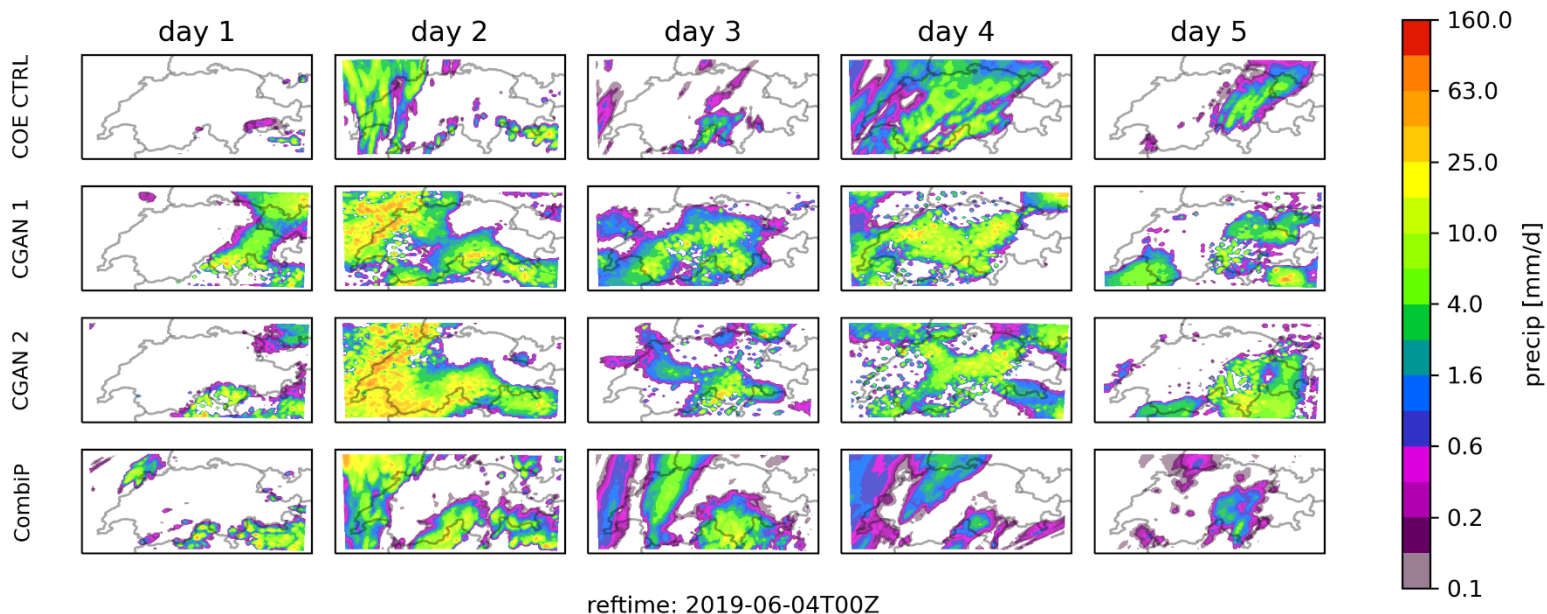
- 11th, 16th, and 21th member of ordered and spatially smoothed COSMO-E used as features
- no compression of features
- Temporal split and lead day dependent 2D convolutions



Graph generated using Netron  
<https://github.com/lutzroeder/Netron>

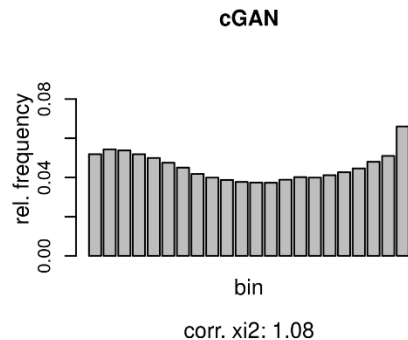
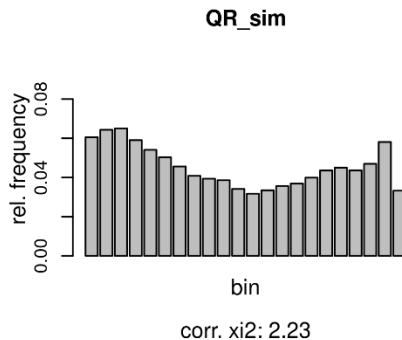
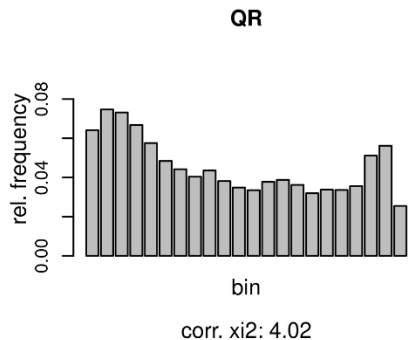
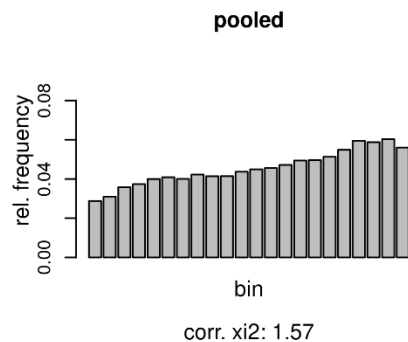
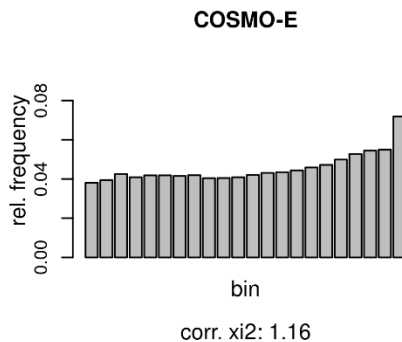
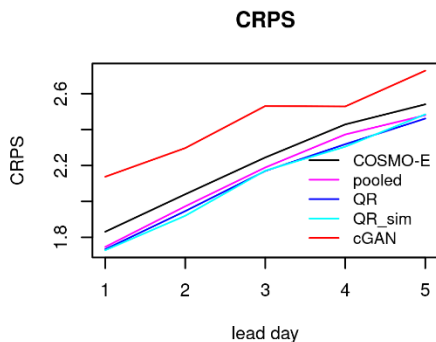


# Example forecasts





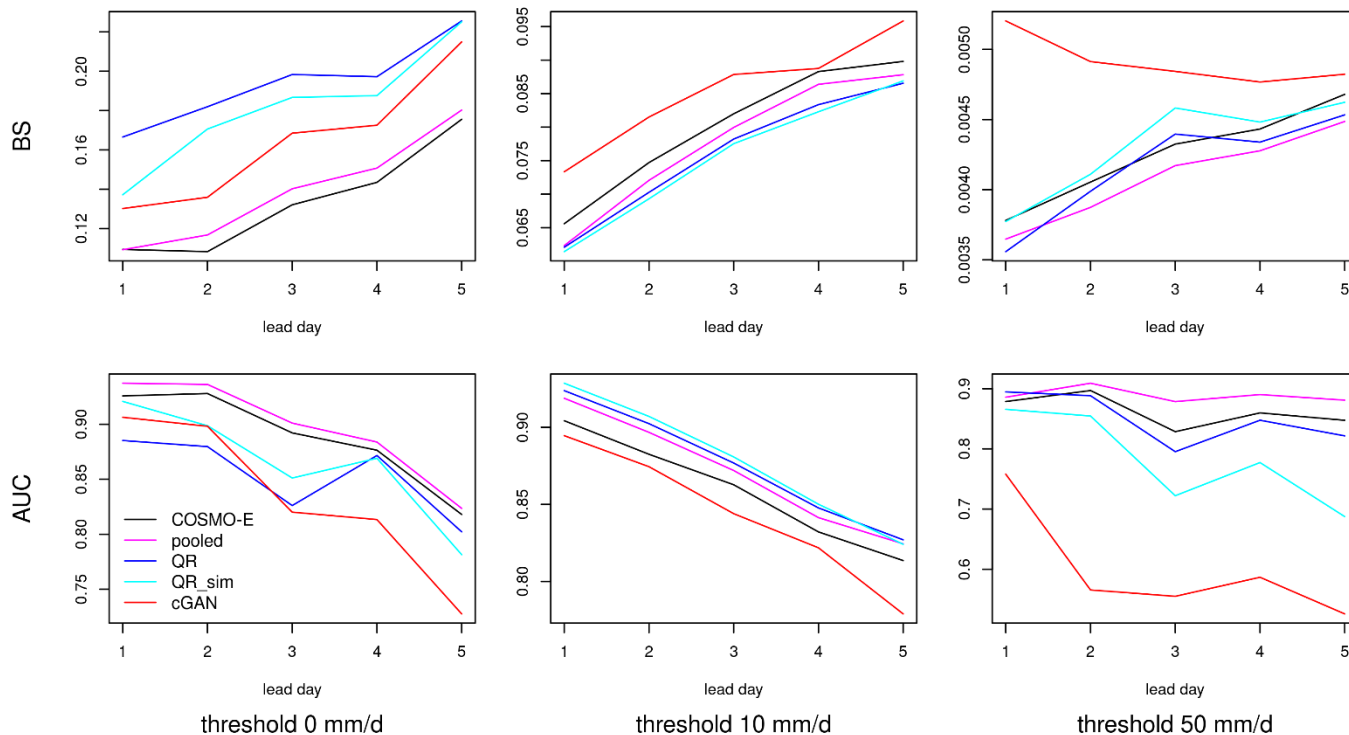
# CRPS and calibration



- rank histograms for lead day 3
- pooled: simple spatial pooling
- QR: quantile regression
- QR\_sim: similarity / analog based QR



# Brier score and AUC





# Summary part 2

- cGAN generates quite realistic looking precipitation fields
- cGAN skill in terms of CRPS is poor
- cGAN produces comparatively well calibrated forecasts
- cGAN resolution probably poor, issues with conditioning on features
- Probably, there is still a lot of room for improvement

