

Climate Change

The development and implementation of diagnostics for ERA5 and ERA6

Alison Cobb and reanalysis team

11 September 2024

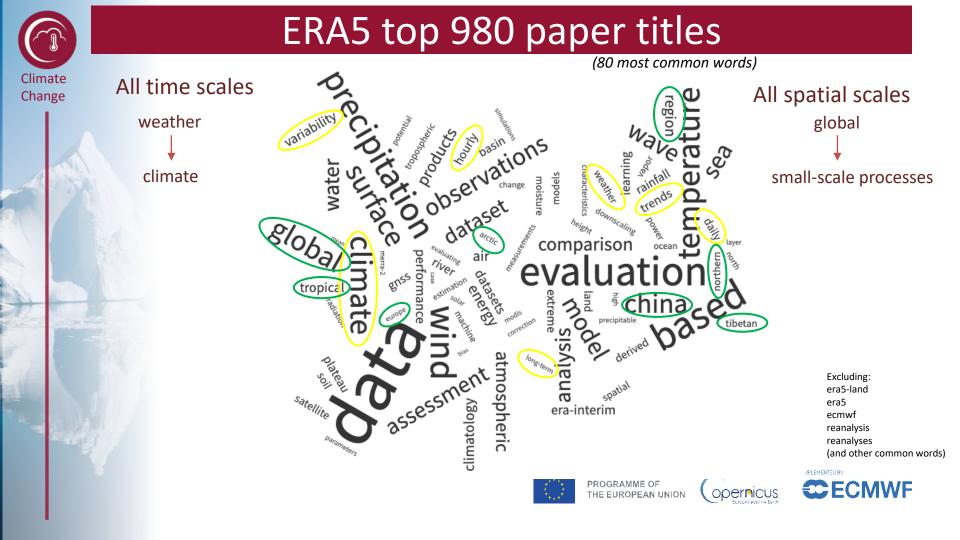
Workshop on Diagnostics for Global Weather Prediction













Diagnostics workshop talks

Predictability:

Synoptic-scale processes, medium to extended range prediction Diabatic heating from weather to intra-seasonal time scales Forecast busts Practical to intrinsic predictability

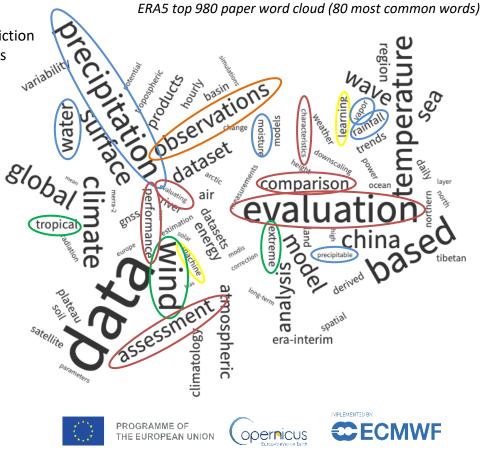
Processes:

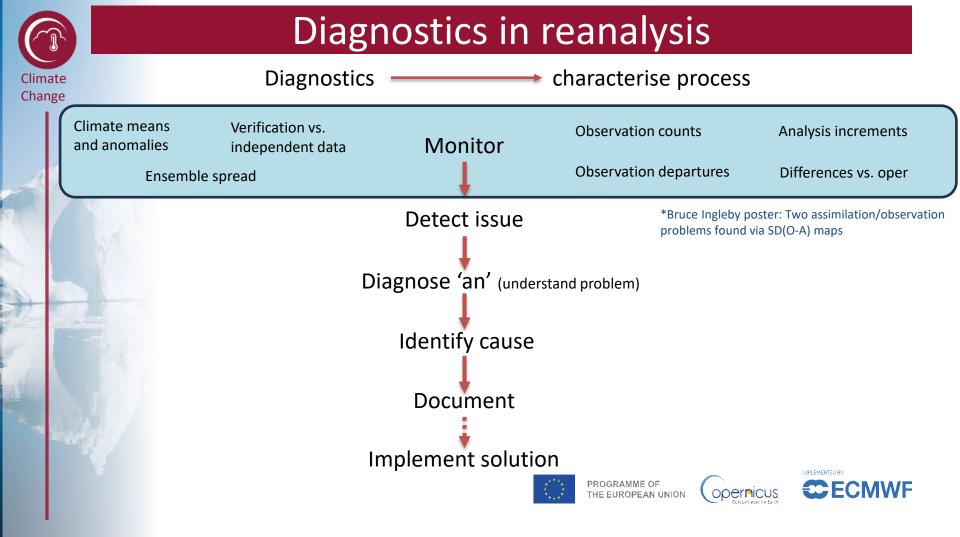
Mesoscale convective systems Severe rainstorm, rainfall Eddy momentum flux and shallow convection Model uncertainty Sea-ice forecasts Atmosphere budget analysis Impact of new observations Error traceability Tropical waves Maritime continent barrier and MJO Tropical cyclones – S2S to mesoscale

Machine Learning

Scale-dependent evaluation, ensemble systems

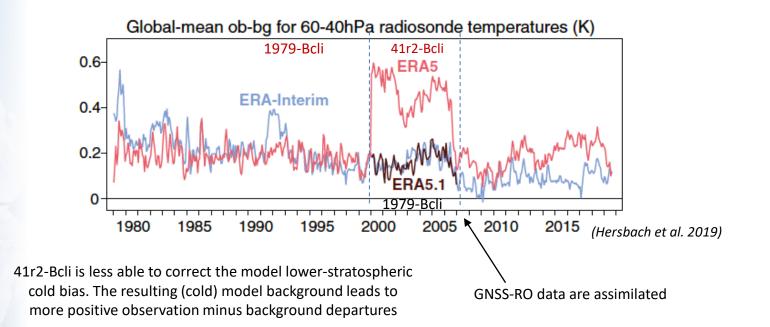
Resolution and scale interactions







ERA5 monitoring



Simmons, A., Soci, C., Nicolas, J., Bell, B., Berrisford, P., Dragani, R., Flemming, J., Haimberger, L., Healy, S., Hersbach, H. and Horányi, A., 2020. Global stratospheric temperature bias and other stratospheric aspects of ERA5 and ERA5. 1.



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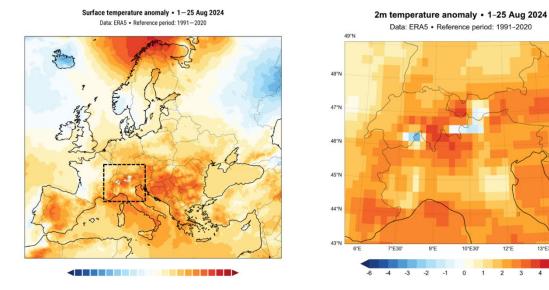




ERA5 monitoring

Temperature anomalies

https://pulse.climate.copernicus.eu/



Erroneous station data reporting snow



THE EUROPEAN UNION

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13°E30' 43°N 15°E



Julien Nicolas



ERA6

Configuration:

- Higher horizontal resolution of **14km** (TCo799) for all components (ERA5 31km for atmosphere, 40km for waves)
- Uncertainty estimate at 28km (TCo399) from 11-member ensemble (63km for ERA5)

Science:

- One-way coupled with the ocean, providing a consistent representation of ocean-atmosphere processes
- Improved realism, such as introduction of an urban tile
- Improved treatment of systematic model errors with benefit on the quality of climate trends
- Resolve several ERA5 known issues, such as inconsistencies in snow cover
- 8 years of additional R&D at ECMWF & improved compute capacity compared to ERA5

Products: based on user requirements

- Hourly, for extended list of (new) parameters, e.g., Rh2m, clear-air turbulence (CAT)
- Height levels for the lowest part of the atmosphere (15/30/50/75/100/150/200/250/300/400/500m)
- Daily in addition to monthly precalculated statistics

Ingest the best observations:

Satellite+ in-situ reprocessing and data rescue











ERA6: ocean coupling

ERA5 (Hersbach et al. 2019)

Time period	Sea Surface Temperature	Sea Ice Concentration	Grid (deg)
January 1949–December 1960	HadISST2.1.0.0 (monthly)	HadISST2.0.0.0	0.25 x 0.25
January 1961–December 1978	HadISST2.1.1.0 (pentad)	HadISST2.0.0.0	0.25 x 0.25
January 1979–August 2007	HadISST2.1.1.0 (pentad)	OSI SAF (409a)	0.25 x 0.25
September 2007 onwards	OSTIA	OSI SAF oper	0.05 x 0.05

ORAS6: a new ocean reanalysis (Zuo et al.)

Input: daily SST / SIC, @1, 0.25, or 0.05 degrees (+ altimeter and in-situ observations)

ERA6 takes ORAS6 at 09 and 21UTC as initial ocean condition into its 12 and 00UTC DA windows

Output: hourly evolving SST and SIC product

ORAS6 **9** 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 **21**UTC

coupled with NEMO and SI3

ERA6

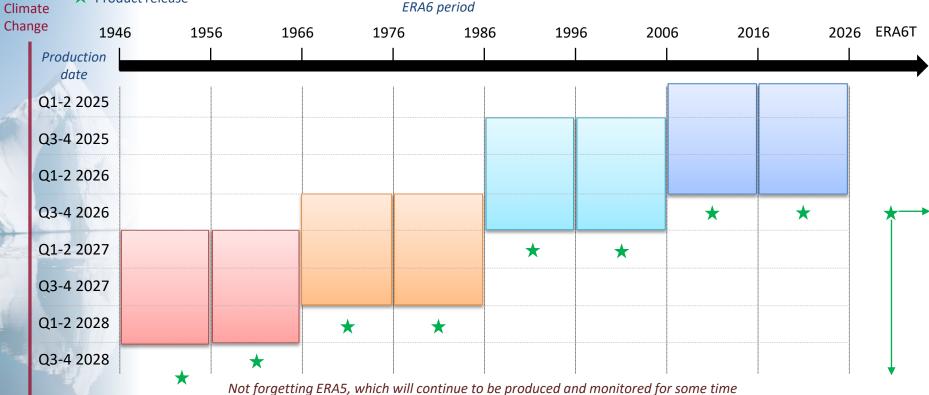
12UTC DA window SST and SIC evolve in 4D-Var via outer trajectory coupling One-way coupled as the ocean state is reinitialised with ORAS6 every 12 hours

00UTC DA window SST and SIC evolve in 4D-Var via outer trajectory coupling

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ERA6 projected production timeline

★ Product release





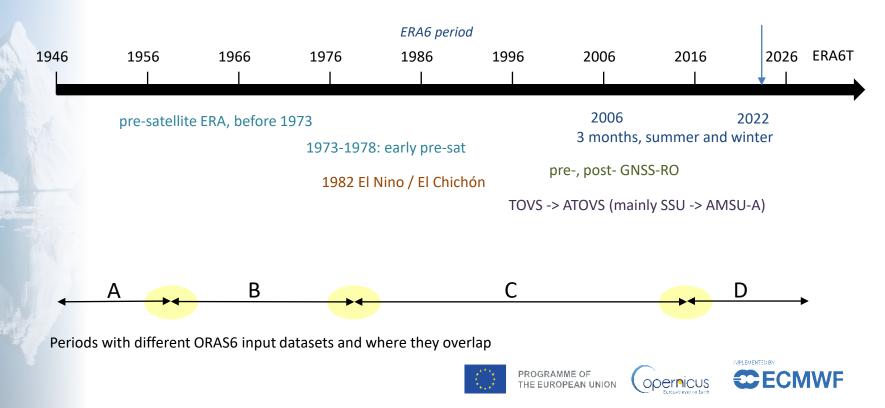
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ERA6 prototype experiments

Necessary to test different periods





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ERA6 assessment

Groups		Methods	
Atmospheric variability		Observation counts	Analysis increments
EDA reliability and sharpness Global budgets		Observation departures	Differences
Assessment of ERA6 prototype experiments Surface and coupling AIFS training and performance Atmospheric composition	Tools	ERA6 real-ti Ensemble spread Climate and ano	
ECMWF in-house experts External collaborators		vs. ERA5	vs. Operations





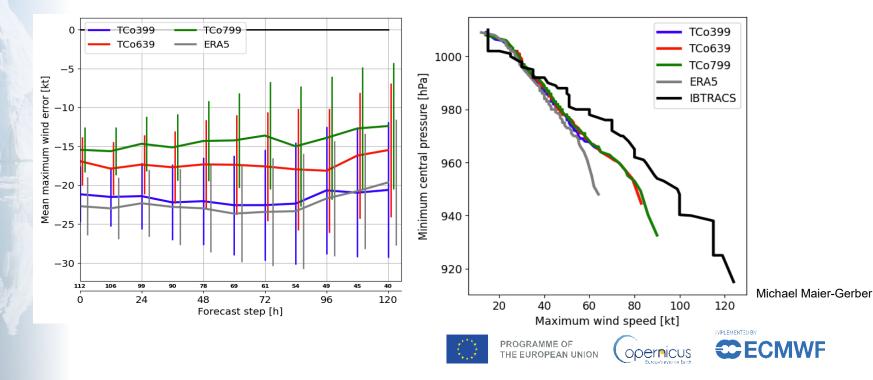




ERA6 prototype results

Tropical cyclones:

- Mean maximum wind error
- Minimum ventral pressure vs. max wind speed relationship



Summary



Reanalysis datasets are widely used for diagnostics

- Multi-scale
- Global to regional, to small-scale

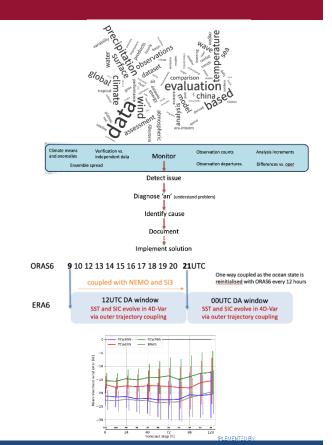
Monitoring tools

- Detect issues
- Diagnosing ERA5 reanalysis
- Identify errors with model and observations

ERA6 characteristics and production

- 14 km, one-way ocean-atmosphere coupled
- Variety of test periods
- Prototype assessment leading to tool development for monitoring and diagnostics for ERA6

ERA6 protype showing positive results



Diagnostics play a pivotal role in understanding ERA5, and will play in important role in evaluating ERA6



Questions?

alison.cobb@ecmwf.int







