

Towards improving Arctic liquid cloud representation in the ECMWF model using MOSAiC observations

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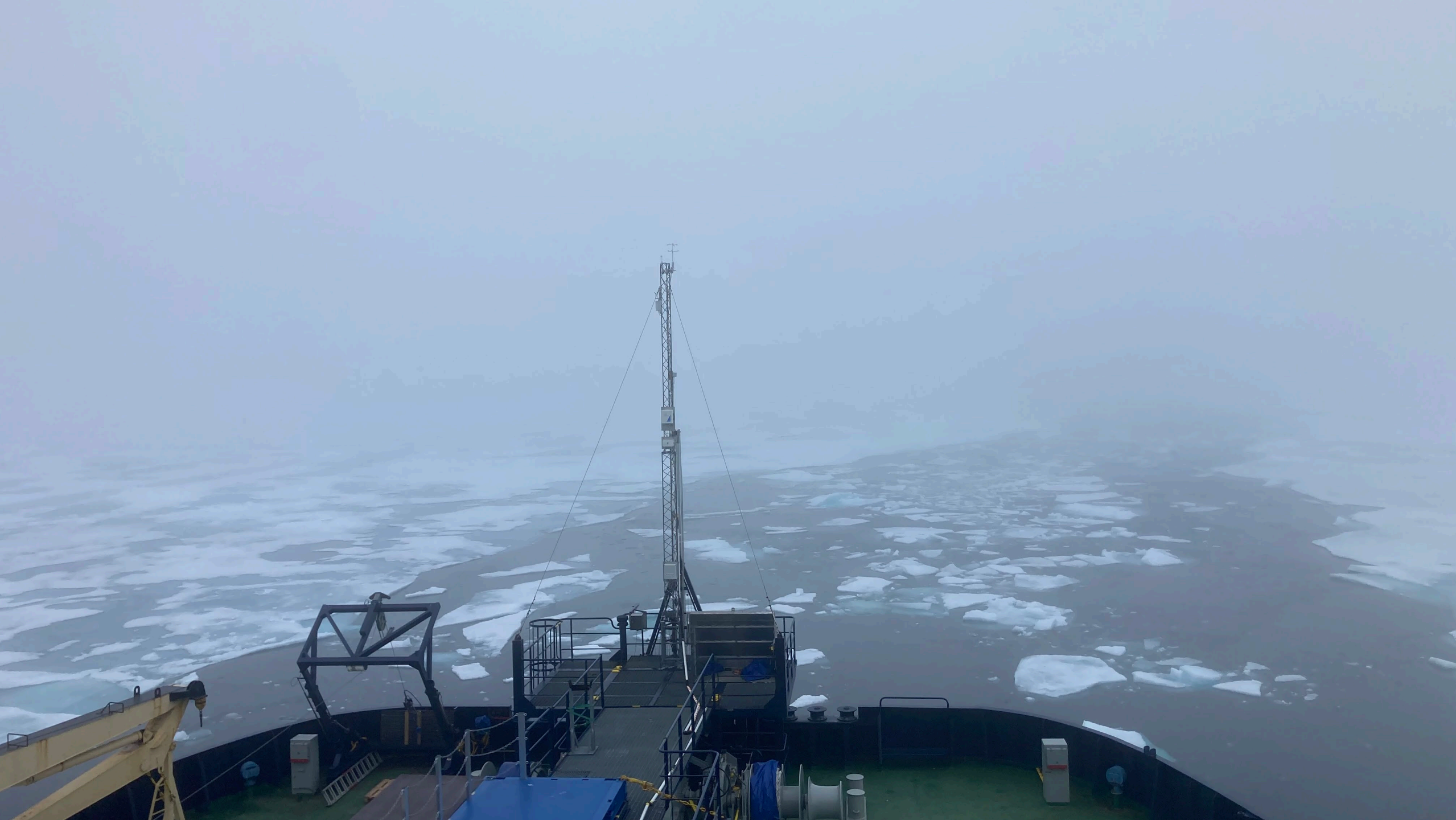


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Why do we care about predicting Arctic clouds?

Fog

Low visibility

Icing

Cloud phase

Cloud lifetime

Surface energy budget

Precipitation

Snow on sea ice

Surface albedo



How do we measure clouds?

Radiosondes (00, 06, 12, 18 UTC)

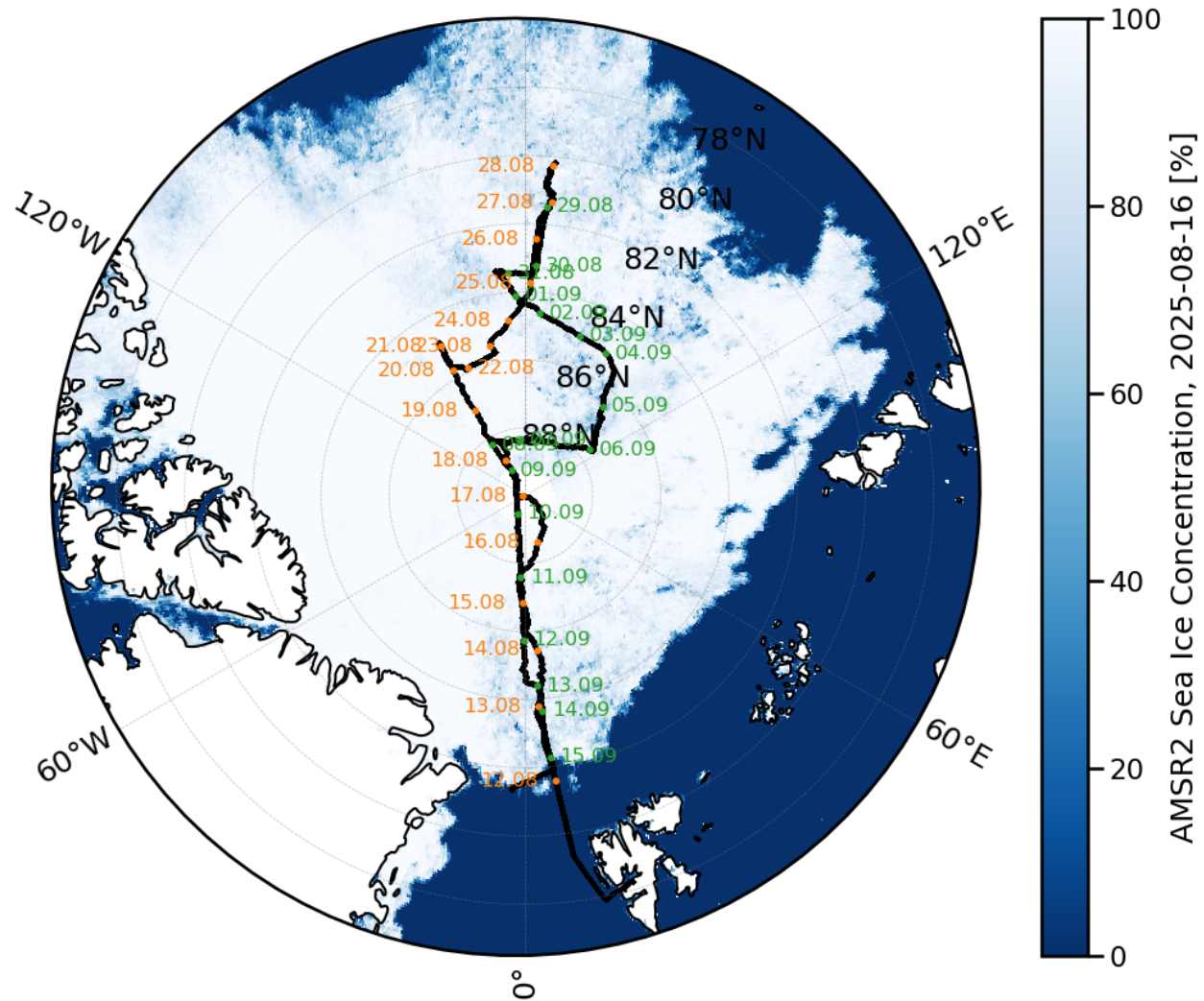


How do we measure clouds?

Remote sensing: Doppler cloud radar, ceilometer and microwave radiometer



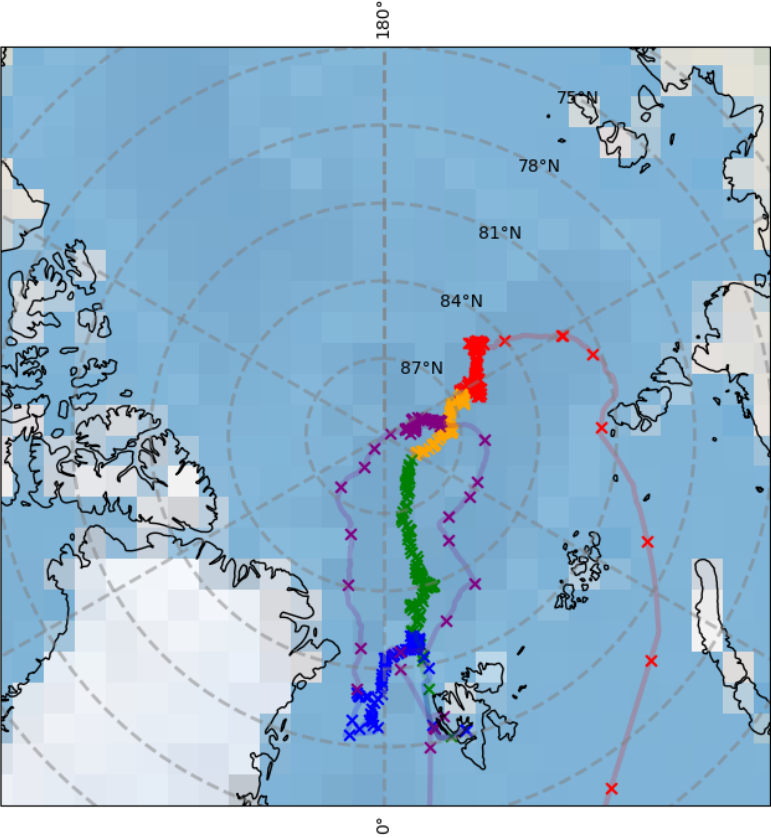
Canada-Sweden Arctic Ocean 2025 (AO2025)



Bolin Centre Database

<https://bolin.su.se/data>

MOSAiC expedition – One year in the ice

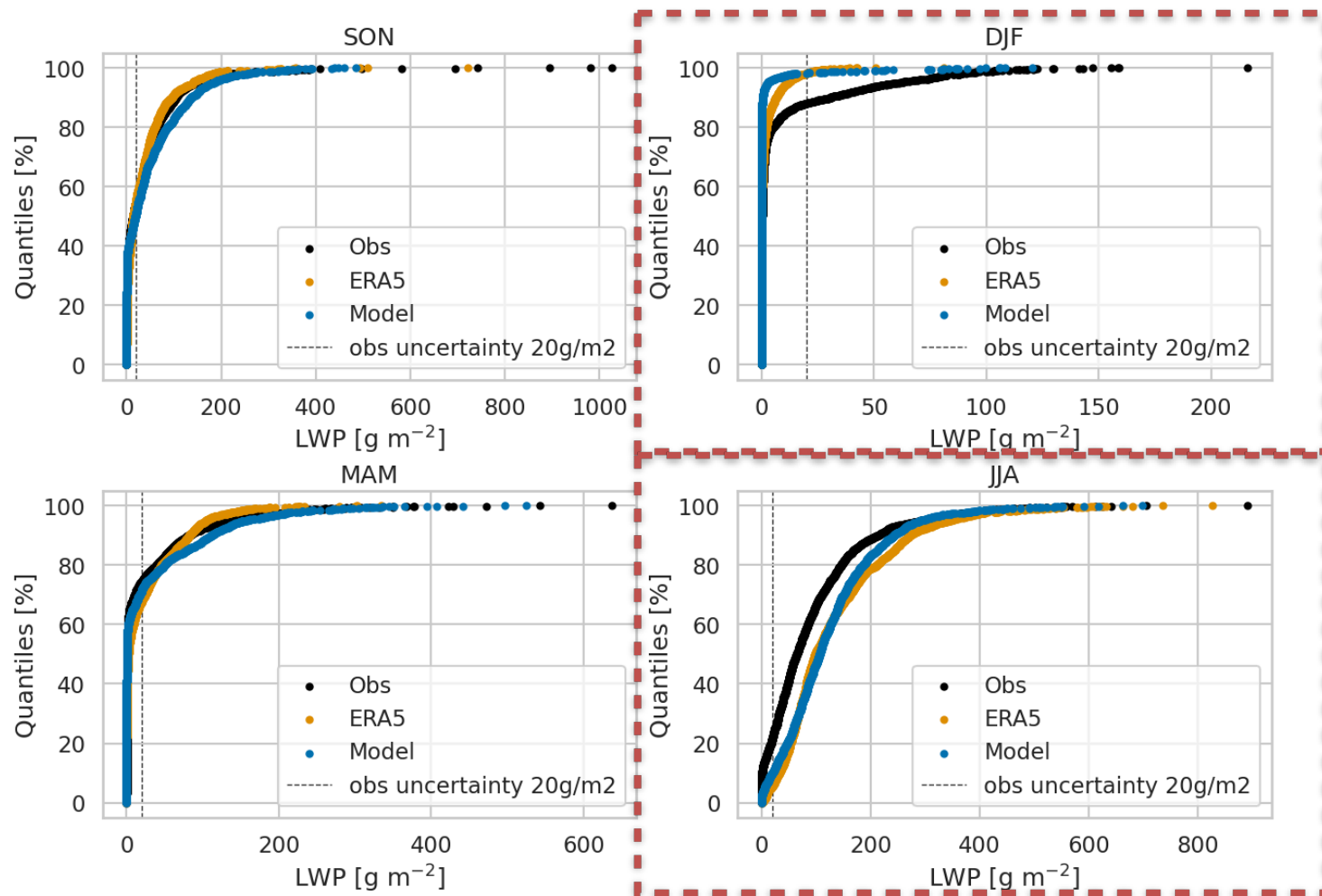


Track of icebreaker *Polarstern*
(September 2019 – October 2020)



Stefan Hendricks

How much liquid water is in the clouds in each season?



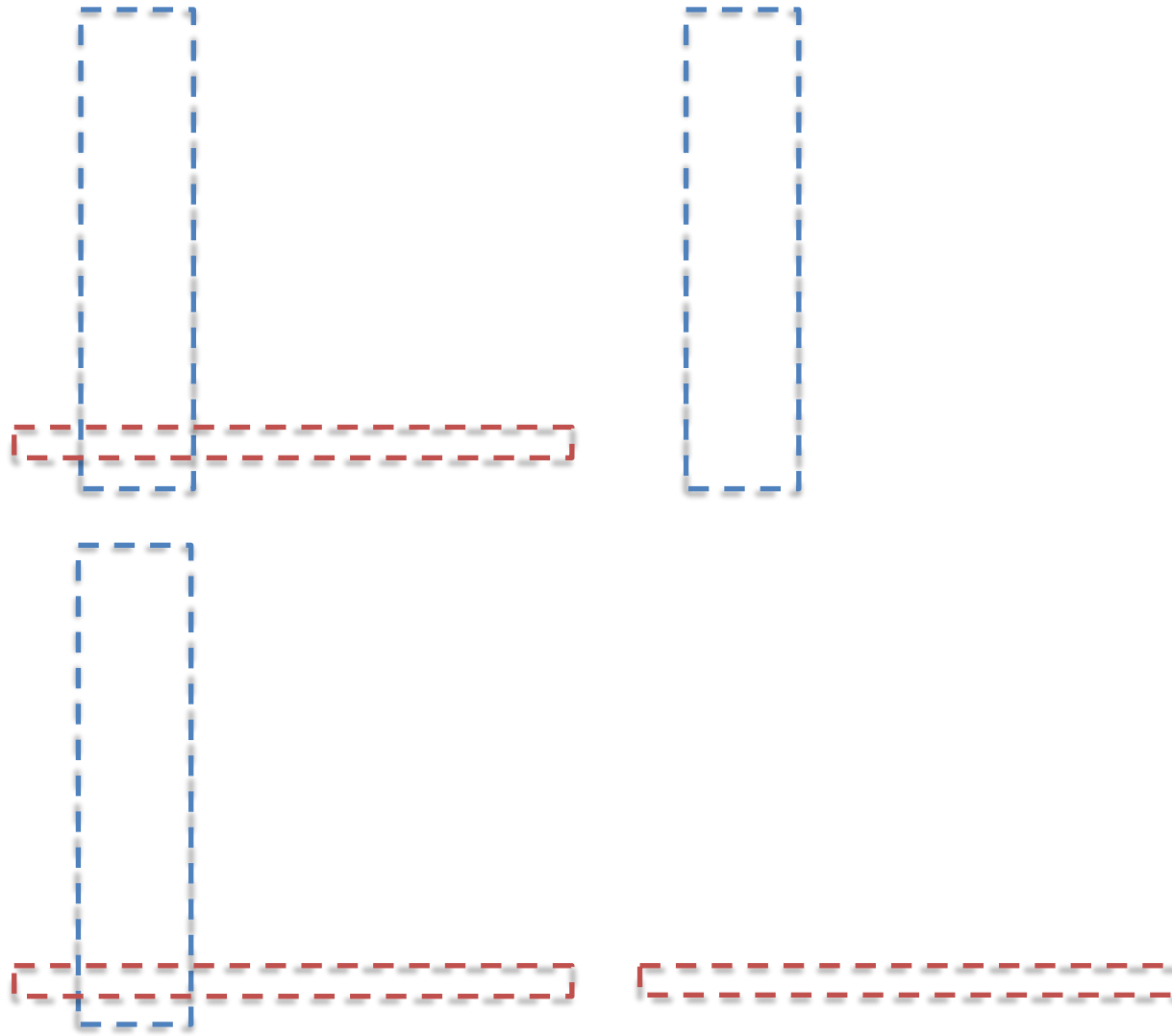
- **Underestimation** of liquid cloud water in **winter** (DJF)
- **Overestimation** of liquid cloud water in **summer** (JJA)

Schulte et al. (2026), QJRMS

Obs: MOSAiC data, microwave radiometer (Walbröl et al. 2022)

Model: IFS forecast, version 48R1, lead time 24h to 48h, nearest grid point

Which properties do the liquid-containing cloud layers have?



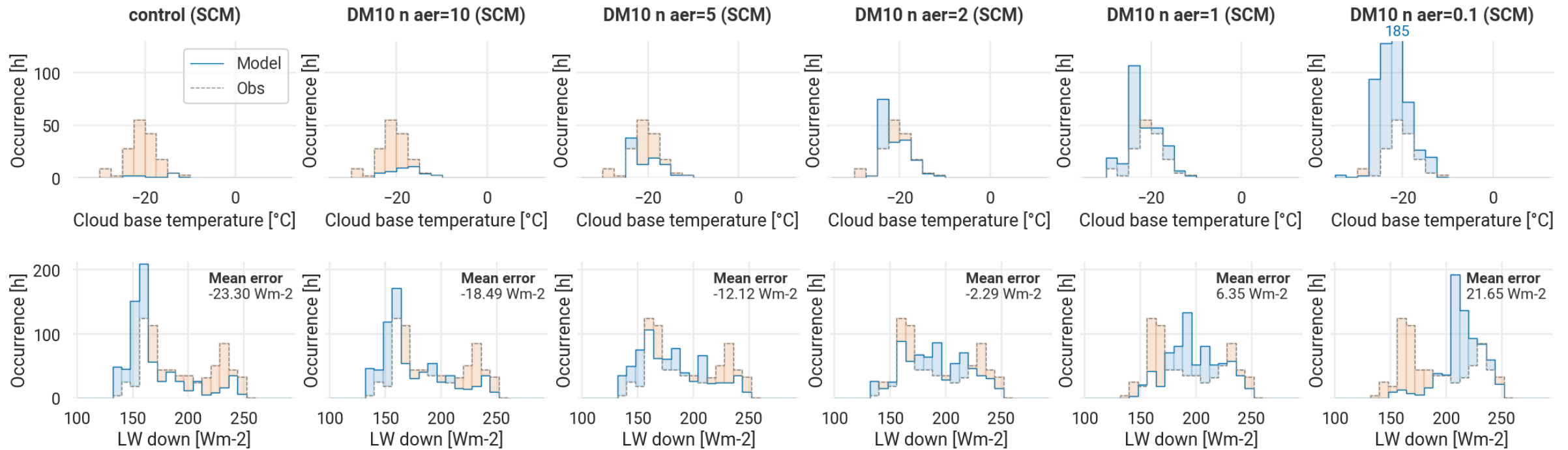
- **Underestimation** of liquid cloud water in cold temperatures ($<-20^{\circ}\text{C}$)
- **Overestimation** of liquid cloud water at low levels ($<200\text{ m}$)

Obs: MOSAiC data, microwave radiometer, ceilometer, interpolated radiosonde
Model: IFS forecast, version 48R1, lead time 24h to 48h, nearest grid point

Schulte et al. (2026), QJRMS

Sensitivity to ice growth rate in December (Single Column Model)

Reduce ice growth rate

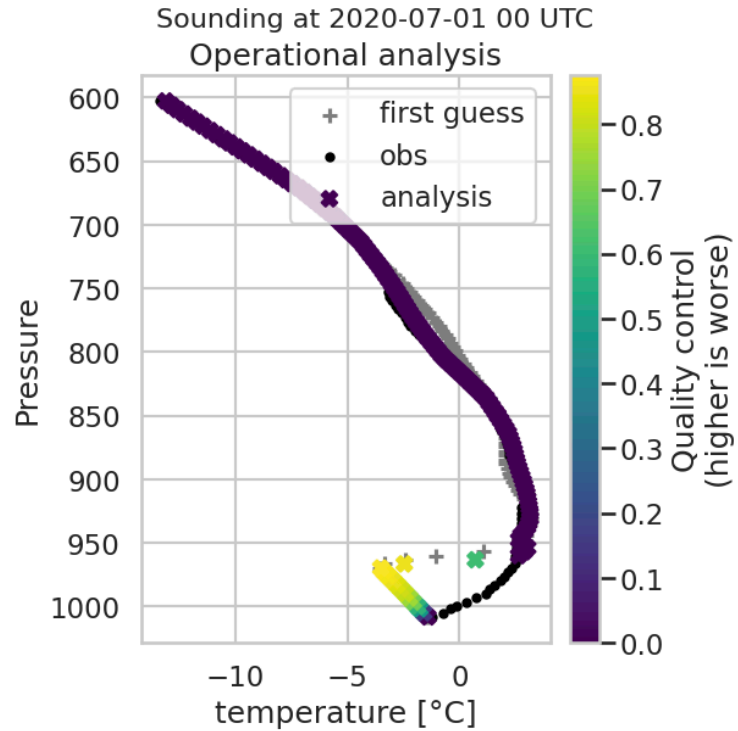
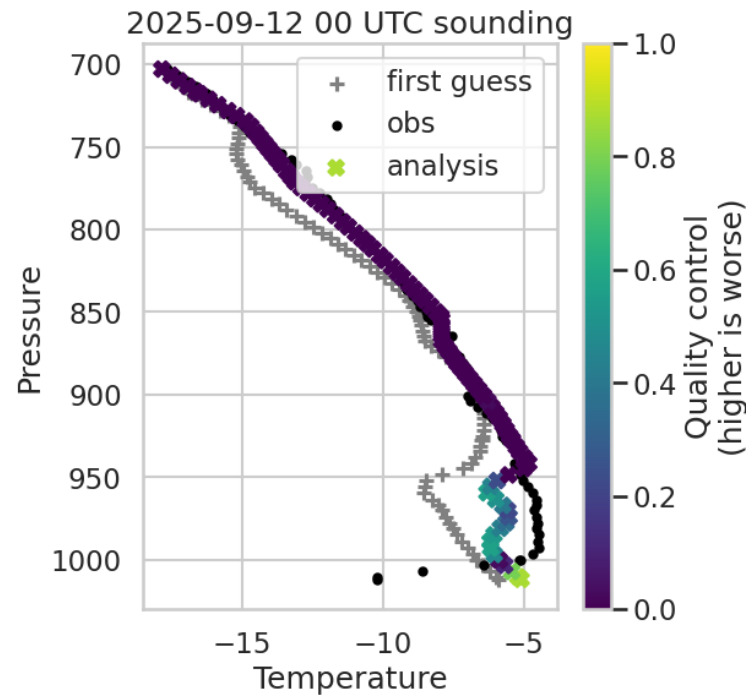


- Increase the occurrence of liquid-containing clouds by reducing the ice growth rate.
- Improve mean surface radiation

Schulte et al. (2026), QJRM

Why too frequent low clouds?

Initial profile already off



Obs: AO2025 & MOSAiC radiosonde
Model: IFS LWDA

Towards Improving Arctic cloud forecasts with campaign observations

- **Ship observations provide unique constraints over sea ice**
 - Liquid water path (LWP)
 - Low-level clouds
 - Surface radiation
- **Systematic Arctic liquid-cloud biases in IFS**
 - Too few in cold temperatures $< -20^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - Too frequent at low altitudes $< 200\text{m}$
- **Inform model development**
 - Ice growth too efficient in low temperatures
- **Way forward**
 - Standardised observation and model data format
 - Close model-observation collaboration

